HE ADDRESSES A DIG MASS MEET-ING IN GLOVERSFILLE

Tariff Talk to the Glove Mokers He Says that the Republicans Only Are Disturbed by the New Bill, Beenuse Their Predictions that It Would Bestroy Bustness, Injure Manufacturers, and Diminish Wages Bare Not Been Fuifilled.

GLOVERSVILLE, Oct. 17. Senator David B. Hill arrived at Fonda from Utica this atternoon, and for an hour held an informal reception at the Troy Hotel. He left on a special train later for Gloversville, arriving here shortly before t o'clock. On the way the train stopped at Johnstown, where a number of people had congre gated at the station to see him pass through. Senator Hill appeared on the car platform, but did not speak

On arriving at the station here several hundred people who were in waiting cheered the Senator as he alighted from the train. John B. Judson, Secretary of the State Democratic Committee, who lives here, James W. Greene A. W. Locklin, ex-Mayor John J. Hanson, ex-Mayor Clarke L. Jordan, Nicholas M. Banker, Nelson H. Anibal, Jacob S. Zimmer, John V. Walsh, and Emmet Blair, who acted as a Reception Committee on behalf of the local Demo crats, escorted their guests to the Windsor Hotel, preceded by a band, and afterward from the hotel to the Opera House. Over 3,000 people had crowded the Opera House long before the hour named for the meeting. The streets of Gloversville were thronged to-night, and there were a number of people from other parts of Fulton county and from Hamilton and Mont gomery counties

Secretary of the State Committee John B Judson called the meeting to order, and Nelson H. Anibal was named as Chairman. An enthusiastic outburst of applause greeted Senator Hill's introduction.

He said that he supposed that free speech was allowed in Gloversville. He was pleased to note that his audience embraced all shades of political opinion, and he wished it understood that he did not wish to force his opinion upon those in the audience who were of a political opinion opposite to his own. He intended to review the principles and measures upon which the Demoratic party asks for the suffrages of the people this fall. He then reviewed the apportionment question at length and the other issues of the campaign. In discussing the tariff question Senator Hill said:

"I desire to emphasize the point that the reduction of duties in the present tariff are so reasonable and conservative, that the wages of a single workingman in the country need not be single workingman in the country need not be en-lessened. The only disturbance which the en-actment of this bill has created, is among our Republican friends, who are 'disturbed' because the bill has not destroyed bosiness, injured man-ufactures, and diminished wages. They predicted these dire results, and their predictions have not been fulfilled. They are annoyed and disap-pointed that the country gives evidence on every land of returning prosperity: they are annoyed pointed that the country gives evidence on every land of returning prosperity; they are annoyed that the country refuses to be panic-stricken, and they are disgusted that the country refuses to be panic-stricken, and they are disgusted that the secople propose to give the new tarificial to the passage of an extreme measure that would imperit the industries of the nation, but they have hoped in vain. They discover that our manufacturers are delighted with the prospect of free and freer aw materials, especially the boon of free wool, and they are indignant that wool does not rapidly decline in price, as they assumed it would. The McKinley bill raised the duties upon wool, but wool was cheaper thereafter than before, and since the passage of the present bill, in which wool has been placed upon the free list, wool has not declined in price, but maintains an upward tendency.

The McKinley bill raised the duties upon wool, but wool was chaever thereafter than before, and since the passage of the present bill, in which wool has not declined in price, but maintains an upward tendency.

These facts speak volumes in favor of the Democratic polley of using the tariff for public rather than private purposes, and of not attempting directly to regulate prices by tariff laws, but leaving prices to be controlled by the natural laws of trade, by the great question of supply and demand. In this regard permit me to observe that the new duty placed upon raw sugar does not seem to have enhanced its price in the market, for the price continues about the same as before the passage of the present bill. This illustrates how dide it is to seek to affect prices by statute to any great extent or for any long period of time.

"In speeches which I have had the honor of making in other campatins! I have always advocated the policy of adjusting necessary tariff duties so that they would represent the difference of wages paid in this and in other countries, and I adhere to that policy still. That was all that any workingman ever asked and all that any workingman ever asked and all that any workingman ever asked and all that manufacturers could recognizes the wise policy of the present bill may well be deemed in the duty has been excluded under this bill, under which no industrial interest will left a cuty sufficient to be a fair and reasonable bill, under which no industrial interest will left a cuty sufficient to represent Tariff bill. That bell in the present bill may well be deemed in these particulars to be a fair and associated the proper countries, the present bill recognized to th

see that no unfair discriminations were made against yours.

I would not impose in the shape of a tariff a single dollar not needed for the purposes of revenue for the propers support of the Government, but in providing for needed revenues a wise discrimination may properly be exercised in order that some industries may not be crippled and others not unduly aided. This is the true Bemocratic doctrine, and the present bill is largely framed upon that idea. Mesars. Reed and McKinley may come into our State and preach protection to their hearts' content, but they cannot convince the people of New York that the McKinley bill should be reënacted. I believe that intelligent and fair-minded manufacturers themselves do not want any such result, but would deprecate it as inexpedient. Any such attempt would retard returning prosperity, cause a renewal of tariff inexpedient. Any such attempt would retard returning prosperity, cause a renewal of tariff agitation, depress business, and cause embarrassment everywhere. The mission of the two great protection orators will prove a failure here. They want to condemn the national Administration by a Republican victory in New York. They hope to make tariff reform odious by declaring that New York repudiates by an adverse verdict all that has thus far been gained for the cause.

"The defeat of our candidates will be interpreted as a condemnation of our reform measures."

"The defeat of our candidates will be interpreted as a condemnation of our reform measures. It is impossible to separate such a conclusion. A Democratic victory in our State will reasure and encourage the true friends or remains tariff reform everywhere, it will tend to give us industrial peace, it will continue the prosperity so recently begun, and from every party standpoint and upon every particular ground it is most desirable. Let true Democrats everywhere take courage. We shall win this contest if we are but true to ourselves." In conclusion he saked that the party go to the polls in November united, and said that in that event nothing but victory would result.

The speech was listened to with attention and was interspersed with appliause.

The speech was listened to with attention and was interspersed with applicate.

Louis J. Pratt of Albany, the present Collector of Internal Revenue under President Cleveland for the Albany district, followed Senator Hill, and after reviewing the several issues of the campaign said that this was a time when factionalism should be thrust saide, and that all Democrats should fight shoulder to shoulder for the common cause.

the common cause.

Sonator Hill left here at 11:30 o'clock to-night for Fonda, and left there at 12:40 A. M. los Rochestar. He speaks at Mount Morris, near gives very cheles curpets, but the make is of the best of compacts wall's, but West 14th at - 4de. Rochester, to-morrow afternoon, and at Rochester to-morrow night.

An overflow meeting was held in another hall, which was addressed by Senator Hill and Mr. Pratt.

Senator Hill Cannot Speak in Tammany Hall on Get. 31. FORDA, Oct. 17.-Police Commissioner James

Martin of New York city arrived in Utica just before Senator Hill left there this afternoon He returned to New York on the same train which brought Mr. Hill here. The two Democratic leaders were in close conversation all the way between Utica and Fonda. Senator Hill said Mr. Martin's mission was simply toget him to address a mass meeting in Tammany Hall on Oct. 31, but the Senator told Mr. Martin if would be impossible, as his engagements would not permit him to return there after he addresses the two meetings in New York city next Wednesday and Thursday evenings. It was supposed that Mr. Martin's mission was in reference to the printing of the Democratic State ticket on other New York local tickets besides the Tammany local ticket, but Senator Hill said that this was not discussed. which brought Mr. Hill here. The two Demo-SEVENTY'S PLAN OF CAMPAIGN.

The laboring men of this city and Brooklyn are preparing to hold a great meeting to forward the election of Senator Hill. The meeting ward the election of sendor mill. The meeting is to be held in Cooper Union next Thursday. It was arranged for soon after Mr. Hill was nominated, and he promised to be present. His speech will be the great feature of the meeting. The men getting up the meeting are delegates and ex-delegates of all the labor organizations in this city and Brooklyn.

Senator Mill and the Laboring Men.

REPUBLICANS IN CLOVER

Magnificence of Their State Hendquarters No End to the Money, They Say,

Only those who visit Republican headquar ers in the Fifth Avenue Hotel have an idea of se splendor of the surroundings the rich car pets, the magnificent furniture, the mahogany desks, the silver cuspidors, the brazen electric lights, and the regiment of Republican campaigners, Most of these campaigners come from the country districts, where hard ider and cold pork for supper are luxuries. There should be an exception made for Deacor Hackett and Brer Fox. The first-named gentleman is a Warner Miller man from the top of his head to the bottom of his piano-like legs. He has been drinking the water of the Mohawk River for the last fifty years, and at times it stimulates him to unheard-of energies Mr. Fox is getting fat on mineral water.

The other campaigners, from Benjamin B Odell down, are of the more thoroughbred character, according to the interpretation of the Tenderloin district, and diamond-backed terrapin and the driest of champagnes for dinner are not too good for them. Every campaigner in not too goes for them. Every campaigner in Republican State headquarters has a personal messenger, and even the personal messengers have typewriting machines in the great suite of rooms than ever before seen in the hotel. These machines, from the rising of the sun to the set-ting thereof and until midnight, are clicking out all sorts of documents against the Democratic party.

all sorts of documents against the Democratic party.

The great work now going on is to ascertain the registration in the country districts. There hasn't been a mail received at Republican State headquarters since David B. Hill went on the road which has not told of the great outturning of young bemocrats for their chieftain, and the Republicans are now trying to counteract this in an effort to bring out all of their voters in the country districts. In the old days before the ballot reform law the Republicans were accustomed to voting the grawyards of St. Lawrence, Jefferson, Franklin, Clinton, Essex, Saratoga, and Washington counties, and the Hon. Henry G. Burleigh of Whitehall was always more familiar with the Republicans who had gone to their glory than those in their shoes. While to a certain extent there can be no more of this business in the Republican counties, Mr. Odell and his friends at Republican state headquarters are hustling to get out anything that hiss a vote.

Not only has the bung been pulled out of the

counties, Mr. Odell and his friends at Republican State headquarters are lustling to get out anything that his a vote.

Not only has the bung been pulled out of the barrel, but it was said last night, with a universal wagging of heads, that the barrel itself had been smashed, and that it was now only necessary for all good Republicans to step right up to the counter and fill their pockets. All Republicans in every cross-roads town and hamlet are therefore invited from this morning on to call at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, tell Mr. Odell and Mr. Hackett exactly how much they want, and they'll get it. The Republicans from the country districts are especially requested to bring along those old gray worsted stockings that their grandmothers used to knit. These are strong and capacious.

They have corralled Chauncey Depew for a speech at Binghamton on Wednesday next. Charles W. Anderson, the flute-toned colored orator, has been directed to accompany Gov. McKinley when he enters the State at Buffalo on Oct. 25. The Hon. John W. Vrooman, the little Dutch plouchboy of the Mohawk, and a number of other Republican statesmen met in parlor DR last night. They figured up the registration in the country districts and determined that everything was healthy. As a matter of fact the Republicans already are beginning to parcel out the spoils from Jan. 1 next. Every man is selecting the office he wants and getting up petitions with which to bombard Mr. Morton.

THEY DEMAND RECORDER SMYTH. Lawyers and Merchants of Both Parties

About fifty prominent lawyers and merchants, Republicans and Democrats, met at the Windsor Hotel last night for consultation in the interest of the reflection of Recorder Smyth, and formed an organization which is to have its headquarters at the hotel. E. Ellery Anderson was made Chairman of the meeting, Thomas D. Clarke Vice-Chairman, James H. Parker Treasurer, and Bartow S. Weeks Secretary. An Executive Committee was appointed, composed of Frederic R. Coudert, John D. Crimmins, Charles L. Lamberton, John W. Keller, Walter Stanton, and David McCinre

and David McClure.

Mr. Anderson, in his opening address, said:

"We are met to-night to give expression to
our earnest desire that an officer who deserves
so much at the hands of the neople should be reelected by the people. As Americans we frequently have occasion to criticise our neighbors,
but I think this land is deservedly proud of
its judiciary. We can count on the fingers
of our two hands the Judges who have
been impeached. Among all the Judges
whom I have known who have fearlessly
discharged their duty and fearlessly meted out
justice tempered with mercy. I know of no one
who has more complete demand for recognition
for those virtues than Recorder Smyth. Recordor Smyth has been criticised on grounds which
it is almost impossible for his friends to understand. No one can lay a finger on anything he
has ever done that can be called into question."

Mr. H. B. B. Stapler said that he had known
Recorder Smyth for many years, and he knew
him aiways to be upright and incorruptible.
There were other speeches calogistic of the
Recorder, and then the Executive Committee
went into session.

Among the men present at the meeting were:
John T. Agnew, John Fox. Clifford A. Hand,
James D. Lynch, Paul Fuller, George W. Rand,
Almon Goodwin, John M. Scribner, Leopold
Wallach, Adrian T. Klernan, Eugene L. Bushe,
Thomas E. Crimmins, John Delehanty, John F.
McIntyre, Henry H. Anderson, David Leventritt, and John H. Speliman. A number of
letters were received from others regretting
their absence and affirming their support.
Among these were: Albert Stickney, Arthur T.
Sullivan, Robert Maclay, Roswell G. Rolston,
J. Edward Simmons, James G. Cannon, John A.
McCall, William Steinway, Evan Thomas,
George Ehret, Peter Doelger, Henry Hilton,
Randolph Guggenheimer, Hamilton Odell, Dr.
Allon McLane Hamilton, Louis Stern, W. W.
McFarland, Col. Daniel S. Appleton, Col. Willam V. King, George Hoadly, John Quincy
Adams, and C. W. Ridgway.

MUDSON COUNTY REPUBLICANS. Mr. Anderson, in his opening address, said:

HUDSON COUNTY REPUBLICANS.

They Nominate Thomas McEwan for Con-The Convention of the Hudson County Repub. icans, which was held in Frech's Casino, West

o'clock. by ex-State Treasurer S. D. Dickinson, to con-trol the nominations for Congress, County Clerk, and Register, but the younger element routed him completely.

Hoboken, yesterday, lasted from 3 o'clock to 10

im completely.
Thomas McEwan was made the nominee for
Congress Johnië. Fisher received the nomination
or County Clerk, and Frederick Frambach. Jr.,
for Register. For Coroners, Diederich Oldenbergh and J. A. Enton were chosen.
The following Assembly nominations were
made: made;
Pirai diatrici, Col. C. W. Fuller, Second district, J. F. Blackshaw; Third district, Henry C. Gruber; Fourth district, Robert McAndrow; Fifth district, Frederick Schabe; Sixth district, W. E. Drake, Seventh district, John Kerr; Eighth district, Adolph Dobke, Jr.; Ninth district, C. De R. Leonard; Tenth district, H. M. Nutaporn; Eleventh district, W. K. Gertz.

Following are nominations for the Assem-dy elsewhere in New Jersey: ilergen county, Walter Dewanap and George Zim-meruna, both Democrata and both instructed to vota for a United States Senator known to be opposed to protection.

Warren county, First district, Samuel V. Davis of Phillipsburg, Rep.: Second district, Mayor Smith of Harkettsforws.

ract county, at Somerville-Frank W. Somera, Success in Life. depends on little tidings. A Ripane Tabule is a little thing but taking one occasionally gives good dige-tion, and that mann fixed blood, and that means good brain and brawn, and that means success—add. The Danger Comes

In cases of Typhold Fever, Diphtheria, and other wasting diseases, when the patient has been reduced in flesh and strength, and begins the tollsome climb to health. Here Hood's Sa

Hood's Sarsaparilla saparilla finda its place. Cures strengthens the nerves, gives tone to the digestive organs, and builds up

the whole system. Get only HOOD'S.

Hood's Pitts cure headache and indigestion

They Will Not Divide Their Treasure, Will

Look Out for the Ballets, Mr. William Trainor Jerome gave out yester day the interesting piece of political news that the Committee of Seventy would manage its own boodle, and any dispensing would be done inder its personal direction. This was the first news given out at the committee's new headuarters, 39 East Twenty-third street. The headquarters was opened yesterday afternoon and Mr. Jerome was in charge. By way of rubbing it in on the gentlemen who go around campaign times wearing boots with wide legs to catch all the contributions Mr. Jerome added that the committee would have a plenty of

"It has a very large sum stready," he said, and it is in the way of getting a very large sum

sides, if the money is needed." Mr. Jerome said this with a coolness that would make a Patterson or a Gibbs or an O'Brien weep. He continued: "Of course a great deal of money will be needed to pay the legitimate expenses of such a campaign as this. That money we will take care of ourselves, and there will be no such thing as division. There have been a great many calls for money already, went on Mr. Jerome significantly. "Everybody it seems, thinks we have money to burn, and that ail they have got to do is to come and ask for it.

There is no question that this very clear statement of the Committee of Seventy's campaign manager will fill the hearts of many gentlemen n town with sorrow. There has been an opinion

manager will fill the hearts of many gentlemen in town with sorrow. There has been an opinion that the committee would be what is termed a soft mark. The bootleg politicians have been rubbing their hands at the prospect as they read the names of the weatity men who form the Finance Committee of the Seventy.

Another thing the committee has done. It has determined to keep out of Assembly and Aldermanic fights. This will be a disappointment to several district candidates who hoped to get a share of the committee's money. In discussing the plan of campaign yesterday Mr. Jerome said:

"The great trouble whon so many organizations are involved is to avoid a dupiteation of work. The matter isn't definately determined yet, but in all probability the committee's share will be the providing of the ballots. We will see that every registered voter in the city has just the paster he wants to vote before he leaves his home on election day. We are going to give it to him in all sorts of committee of Seventy middle, and a Republican district tail: the same top and middle with a State Democracy tail: straight Democratic tops, with Committee of Seventy middle, and a Republican district tail: the same top and middle with a State Democracy tail: straight Democratic tops, with Committee of Seventy middles and State Democracy tail: the same with Republican tails: Wheeler heads and combination tails. The thing that will be alike on all the tickets is the Committee of Seventy middles and state Democracy tails the same with Republican tails. Wheeler heads and combination tails. The thing that will be alike on all the tickets is the Committee of Seventy middles and state Democracy tails: the same with Republican tails. Wheeler heads and combination tails. The thing that will be alike on all the tickets is the Committee of Seventy candidates. There will not be a Tammany candidate in any of the combinations.

"You see," he went on, "the men who vote these tickets are nearly of the City Cub has entire charge meaning the registration, Mr.

trouble. Regarding the registration, Mr. Jerome said: "Mr. Pryor of the City Club has entire charge of this, and he also has charge of the schemes to stop colonization, false registration, and fraudulent naturalization. With the aid of the Good Government clubs, he will get two men as watchers for each polling place. They will know the police who are on duty. They will know the police who are on duty. They will stop false voting on one side as quickly as on the other.

other.

"Did you ever shoot English snipe?" demanded Mr. Jerome. "Well, you know when you flush a flock they fly about in every direction, design up and down and back and forth. Afterthat they straighten out. Well, that's just like the opening days of a campaign. Nobody knows just where he stands. The experienced hunter always waits until the snipe steadies and starts in his straight flight before he shoots. Well, we are going 19 be ready when the campaign straightens."

are going 19 be ready when the campaign straightens."

Mr. Jerome said he didn't believe the Steck-lers and the Independent counties would put up a third ticket. Resuming the talk of the plan of campaign, he said that the committee would hold many meetings where only municipal matters would be discussed, and State and district candidates would be kept off the platform. The committee also contemplated a departure in campaign literature.

"Instead of giving out a pile of documents." he said, "we will advertise our literature. We will have it printed in the newspapers as regular paid advertising in the advertising columna. In this way the literature will be circulated. The ordinary campaign document has a circulated.

In this way the literature will be circulated, The ordinary campaign document has a circula-tion of perhaps 2,500, and few people read it then. Now, by our plans of having it printed in the newspapers, we place it before the readers of the city. It circulates everywhere, and the result will be a fair return for the money ex-pended. On the average campaign literature money is thrown away. The committee believes that the one way to reach the people is through the newspapers.

the newspapers.

The Campaign Committee of the Seventy will meet every day at headquarters and discuss the plan of campaign.

REPORTED SCARCITY OF FUNDS. People Will Talk When These Distinguished Mauagers Close the Doors.

There was another mysterious conference at

Col. Strong's headquarters in the Sturtevant House yesterday. The leading lights who were there were: Mr. Jacob M. Patterson, who was in charge of Police Commissioner Murray; ex-Mayor Grace, James O'Brien, William Brookfield, and Gen. Collis. When they were all in the inner room, Charles, the colored man who has charge, shut the double doors and put the time lock on. Taking his cue from Gen. Mc-Cook, Charles said the conference was just a

Cook, Charles said the conference was just a confer, that was all.

Strange to say, as soon as the conference room door was shut that rumor about a row over the division of boodle started again at State head-quarters in the Fifth Avenne Hotel. Some of the gentlemen connected with the place gave it out straight that Mr. Strong's headquarters and the Republican County Committee had been down asking for a lift from State headquarters. The stringency was due, it was explained, to the tightening of the purse strings of the Committee of Seventy. This left the County Committee shy of funds to run its district campaigns, and the district leaders, who have done nothing but seen boodle since the Hon. Levi P. Morton was nominated, are up in arms. The object of the conference, it was said, was to labor with Col. Strong to use his pull and make somebody come down. It didn't make any difference who, but it must be somebody. In addition to the demands of the Republican district leaders, it was said that some of the State Democracy leaders thought they ought to have a share of the money for putting up opposition candidates to Tammany Hall and dividing the Democratic vote. Mr. Grace, it was said, was looking after the interests of these gentlemen.

After the conference was over everybody.

men.

After the conference was over everybody
who had taken part in it said "it's nothing."
Whether that referred to what he got or to the
object of the conference is in doubt.

WOMEN ARE INDIFFERENT.

The Political Reform Meeting at Abingdon

What had been announced as a mass meeting was held yesterday afternoon in the nall of the Logan Union, on Abingdon square. It was intended that the meeting should arouse the enthusiastic support of the women of the Ninth Assembly district in behalf of municipal purity, but only one woman, Mrs. M. E. Hausbeck of 354 West Eleventh street, was present from that neighborhood. The others were from other districts, and not eligible to inaugurate a woman's

influence club in the Ninth. Miss Helen Varick Boswell was the Chairman. and when she called the meeting to order there were only twenty-nine women present. Mrs. Fay Peirce told how the women of Brooklyn last year arcae in their might and struck telling blows for freedom from boss rule. She said:

"I do not believe in suffrage as it is commonly understood, but I do believe in the women of this country being represented in its councils. I would have a Hoard of Aiderwomen to attend to the representation of women in the city. I would have a State Assembly and Senate as well as national houses of legislation, formed of women whose duties about do be the concurrent enactment of rightsous laws for all."

Mrs. Mark M. Pomeroy, Mrs. Sample, Mrs. Stimson Smith Mrs. Adele Porter Power, and the Princess Viroqua also spoke. were only twenty-nine women present. Mrs.

See the European Novelties at Filmi's, 40 Wast Sid at .- Ad

HAVE ITS CANDIDATES.

Tommy Shelle's Followers in the Fourti Didn't Treat Them Patriy-Bott Its Con didates for Alderman and Assemblyman

Great drops of sweat were hanging on the broad, expansive forehead of Tommy Shells last. evening when the Thomas Jefferson Association adjourned its Convention. His collar had wilted into countless folds, and he was breathing like a Suburban winner. He had presided over the noisiest Convention in the eleven years' history of the Thomas Jefferson Association, of which he is President, and he was sighing for a quiet retreat where treatment is afforded for the shattered nerves of a political boss. It all happened because Tominy and a few associ ates tried to choke two Tammany candidates down the throats of the Thomas Jeffersons " in the interest of harmony." The digestive apparatus of the Jeffersons rebelled, and then th

Counsellor James A. Donegan of the Fourth assembly district has been after a nomination for the Assembly so often that the boys in that district call him "Perpetual Jimmy." As he explained last evening, the nomination has een promised to him, and each time he was told afterward that he was not an available candidate, but would probably be nominated the next year.

He got the same dose this year, and, apparently, is beginning to see that the politicians who get along in the Fourth Assembly district keep a few marked cards up their sleeves. The other night he was nominated for the Assembly by the State Democracy and was subsequently endorsed by the Republicans.

He declined the nomination vesterday in the hope that matters might be adjusted next year. Hopefulness is the strong feature of Donegan's political career. Tommy Shells is, of course, a power in the district. The Thomas Jeffersons like Tommy and stay with him as a rule, but last night they kicked out.

Sheils and the Thomas Jeffersons decided some time ago that they should divide the nominations for Alderman and Assemblyman with the Tammany organization in the Fourth district. There were many consultations between the leaders of both sides, and there were a good many promises.

ording to Tommy, the Tammany people agreed that the Thomas Jeffersons should have ne of the two offices. In the mean time the l'ammany organization went shead and nom!nated James A. Donnelly for Assemblyman and Andrew A. Noonan for Alderman. The suspicions of the Thomas Jeffersons were aroused, and a movement was started to run James A. Donegan for Assembly-man and Tommy Shells for Alderman. Fommy tried to control the movement, but t got away from him. On Tuesday he ran with he Tammany men until his feet were blistered. On Tuesday evening he received the ultimatum that the Tammany organization would run fts own candidates, and would concede nothing. Tommy regretted this decision, but in the inter-

Tommy regretted this decision, but in the interest of harmony, and in view of the importance of the coming election, he decided to wheel the Thomas Jeffersons into line for the support of the Tammany candidates.

The Convention last evening was for the purpose of endorsing the Tammany nominees. The Thomas Jeffersons knew what was coming and were red hot for the fray. The rooms at the corner of East Broadway and Jefferson street were packed long before the meeting. It was the biggest Convention ever held by the Association.

the biggest Convention ever held by Lie Association.

Many members of the John F. Ahearn Association were there. The Ahearns were in full
sympathy with the rank and file of the Thomas
Jeffersons. It was 9 o'clock when the rugged
form of Sheils pushed through the jam
to the speaker's table. He wore a brand new
fall suit, a white necktie, a shining silk hat,
and a cheerful smile. There were loud yells and
cries of "Hurrah for Tommy Sheils." Our next
Alderman! "Give us Tommy Sheils."

Mr. Sheils rapped for order, and raised a glass
of water to his lips. "Here's looking at you,"
he said.

he said.
"Don't take water, Tommy," was the answer from the crowd.
"Please uncover," said the Chairman.

"Don't take water, Tommy," was the answer from the crowd.
"Please uncover," said the Chairman.
"The hats went off, and Tommy Shells began to speak. "Friends and neighbors," he said, "I ask you to do me a personal favor; I ask you to do this as friends and neighbors."

He then told of his efforts to arrange a compromise with the Tammany organization, and said that he had arranged a union. Then he branched off into the struggle between Harry Miner and Tim Campbell for Congress. "As friends and neighbors, I say to you that the gentleman who represents this district in Congress and the gentleman who has been a candidate for many years came together two years ago and it was then agreed that if Mr. Campbell was nominated he must step down this year and help Mr. Miner. Mr. Miner withdrew. I sm appealing to you as friends and neighbors to endorse Mr. Miner. The man who gets support from Republicans must give something in reappealing to you as friends and neighbors to endorse Mr. Miner. The man who gets support from Republicans must give something in return. I name Mr. Henry Miner and ask you as friends and neighbors to support him."

James Breen denounced Mr. Campbell for voting against the Wilson bill. He said that he had acted the part of Judas Iscarlot when he sold his Saviour for a handful of silver. Mr. Miner, who was on an electioneering tour, dropped in. He was warming greeted.

By a unanimous vote it was decided to endorse his candidacy. Mr. Miner made a little speech in which he refuted the statement that he was a carpet bagger in the district. He said that in the presence of Mr. Croker Mr. Campbell had promised two years ago to step down and let him bave the nomination in 1894. He wanted to go to Congress for the honor.

After Mr. Miner left there was another great storm of cries for Tommy Shells for Alderman. The real shock came when Mr. Shells said that he was not a candidate for the nomination, but was for the Tammany candidates in the district.

"I now move," he said, "that this Convention endorse."

endorse—"
There was a wild yell of rage from the Thomas Jeffersons. They shook the walls with cries of "No, no, no," and Mr. Sheils could not bring them to order.
"As triends and neighbors I appeal."
The Thomas Jeffersons would not listen to appeals. They surged forward from the rear of the room and screeched like steam calliopes.
"Where is the officer?" said the Chairman.
"We want order."
"We want Tommy Sheils or nobody," was the cry.

"We want Tommy Sheils or nobody," was the cry.

Whenever Tommy tried to reason with the Jeffersons they stopped him.

Finally James A. Donegan got the floor, and told of his efforts to get a nomination in his district from Tammany Hall. The Jeffersons liked his appearance, and cheered him. They wanted him to run on their ticket, and when he declined there was another wild yell. Ex-Alderman Gleason arose and said there was no use in trying to stampede the Convention.

"St. down! We want Tommy Sheils," was the cry.

Mr. Sheils made one more unsuccessful appeal to his friends and neighbors. "We must have harmony," he said.

"Hut the pill is too bitter, Mr. Fresident," said

rmony," he said.
'But the pill is too bitter, Mr. President," said

Dr. Hogan.
When there was no longer any hope of stopping the stampede, and, as the yelling increased until the scene suggested a Sloux war dance, the Chairman arose and said: "I now move that this Convention adjourn sine die. All those in favor." 

"Carried," said Mr. Sheils. "The Convention is adjourned."
Mr. Sheils walked out of the room and the Thomas Jeffersons followed, swearing that the names of Tammany candidates Donnelly and Moonan would not appear on their tickets.

"When will the heart Convention be held?" the reporter asked of Mr. Sheils.

"Oh, after a while," said the, "we will get together and hold a ratification meeting."
State Senator John F. Ahearn, will probably endorse the action of Sheil's Jeffersonians through his John F. Ahearn Association, which has about 1,000 members. Ahearn expected the nomination for Sheriff on the Tammany Hali icket up to a few hours before it was given to William Sohmer.

He said vesterday that it is not considered

ticket up to a few hours before it was given to William Sohmer.

He said yesterday that it is not considered necessary to have an official ballot in the booths, as both Shells and himself have organizations which thoroughly understand the use of the paster ballot and which can work it very effectively.

"We are Tammany men on the County ticket," and he, but we have got tired of the dictatorial way of Mr. Fitzpatrick in the Fourth Assembly District."

Plane of the Municipal League of Women. Mrs. Charles Russell Lowell yesterday announced the plans of the Municipal League of Women and the list of officers. Headquarters will be opened to-day at 391 Fourth avenue, with Mrs. Florence C. Ives, the secretary of the association, in charge. There all information will association, in charge. There all information will be given relative to the movement, and all communications pertaining to the business of the Leagus will be received. A petition blank bearing this caption is to be sent broadcast:

"Believing that the bonor and safety of our city demands that a radical change should be made in its Government, we, the undersigned women, pledge ourselves to use every effort each to obtain the promise of ten votes for the candidates of the Committee of Seventy, before a o'clock P. M. on Oct. 27, the last day for registration."

BOLT THE TAMMANY MEN. S. J. Tellery & Co.

EAST INDIA MERCHANTS,

Assembly District Think the Wigners The only exclusive dealers in

## INDIA ART GOODS

IN THIS COUNTRY.

INDIA GOODS of every description at prices that will surprise you when compared to other houses.

5th Av., Cor. 35th St. Van Gaasbeek & Ar kell AGENTS.

TWO DAYS' REGISTRATION. A Total Which Equals That of the Fivet

Yesterday was the second day for registration in this city. The number of names recorded was 99,927, and this added to the total for the first day makes a total for the two days of 202,833. This is just a little better than the registration on the first two days in 1892. These are the figures:



Totals second day 1803, 76,763; 1892, 109,759; 891, 79,985.

Big Registration in Brooklyn

The total registration in Brooklyn vesterday he second day of registration, was 55,331, making a total of 131,302 for the first two days The three new wards, Twenty-ninth (Flatbush), Thirtieth (New Utrecht), and Thirty-first (Gravesend), registered 3,151 on the first (Gravesend), registered 3,151 on the first day of registration this year and 3,379 yesterday, making a total of 5,530 for those wards. If this total is subtracted from the total of the two days of registration this year we have 125,772, which may probably be compared with the registration of the first two days of the two preceding years, when those three wards were not included in the city limits. It will be found that the registration for the first two days this year, omitting the new wards, is only 4,239 less than that of the first two days of 1892, the Presidential year, and is 10,344 greater than that of last year.

Following are tables of registration by wards

Following are tables of registration by ward of the second day's registration for four years: Wards. Totals. .55331 53060 62278 47755

O'BRIENITES NOTIFY STRONG.

The Candidate Promises a Welcome at the City Hall for Every Democrat. The O'Brienites informed Col. Strong yesterday that they had nominated him. The com-mittee, consisting of Mr. O'Brien, John J.

Murphy, David Floyd, Stephen McParland Peter Padian, John J. Gifford, and Moses Greenbaum, called on the Colonel after banking hours at his headquarters in the Sturtevant House Mr. Murphy was spokesman.

Col. Strong replying said: "I have felt for the

Col. Strong replying said: "I have felt for the last few years that absolute reform was needed in the city government, and I have had many talks with your leader about it. But I never felt that I would be called on to carry the flag throughout this campaign when so many Democrats are interested. Every one who knows me knows that I am the straightest kind of an outsand-out, thoroughgoing Republican in all national affairs. But in municipal matters I have felt that we could not get good government except by eliminating politics from the City Hall. No Democrat who votes for me will fail to get a warm welcome in the Mayor's office, or elsewhere."



that's peculiarly adapted to her needs, regulating, strengthening and cur-ing the derangements of the sex. Why is it ao many women owe their beauty to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription? Because beauty of form and face radiate from the common center—health. The best bodily condition results from good food, fresh air and exercise coupled with the judicious use of the "Prescription."

and exercise coupled with the judicious use of the "Prescription."

If there be headache, pain in the back, bearing-down sensations, or general debility, or if there be nervous disturbance, nervous prostration, and sleeplessness, the "Prescription" reaches the origin of the trouble and corrects it. It dispels aches and pains, corrects displacements and cures catarrhal inflammation of the lining membranes, falling of the womb, ulceration, irregularities and kindred maladies.

"FALLING OF WOMB."

MES. FRANK CAMPIELD, of East Dickinson, Franklin Co., N.
Y., writes: "I deem it my duty to express my deep, heart-felt gratitude to you for having been the means, under Frovidence, of restoring me to health, for I have been by spells unable to walk. My troubles were of the womb — inflammatory and bearing down seasations and the doctors all said, they could not cure me. A.P. 

Twelve bottles of Dr. Man. Campinion. Pierce's wonderful Favorite Prescription has cured me." ONE OF THE TRAIN ROBBERS

A MUSTERIOUS STRANGER ARREST-ED IN CUMBERLAND, MD.

He Had \$1,558 in His Possession, and the that He Was in the Recent Virginia

Adams Express Company Feet Sure Robbery-The Stolen Money Identified, CUMBERLAND, Md., Oct. 17 - A man answer-

ng the description of one of the Aquia train robbers, as telegraphed to the Chief of Police of this city by Gov. O'Ferrall yesterday, was arrested as he was about to take the train for Pittaburgh about 1 o'clock this morning. He gave the name of C. J. Searcy and said he was from Kansas. He admitted having been in Front Royal, Va., yesterday morning and had \$1,553.53 in his clothes, besides two watches. He was heavily armed, and attempted to get

rid of revolvers when arrested. He was com mitted to jail to await the action of the Rich mond authorities, as he was suspected of being me of the men who robbed the train on the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Rallroad on last Friday night.

This morning Policeman Beck noticed Seat ey acting in a suspicious manner near the Hal

timore and Ohio depot. He tried to board ex press train No. 9, west bound, with two satchels The policeman determined to arrest him and the stranger at once started to run. He was soon caught by the officer. He said he had bee: stopping at one of the hotels in this city, but upon being taken to each of the hotels in turn his story was found to be untrue.

He was taken to the station house and unor eing searched \$1,553 was found hidden in two woollen stockings. Nine hundred and twenty-three dollars were in notes, and \$630 in silver. He had one sliver watch and one gold one, a lot of pawn tickets, and three silver pocket books.

A fine revolver and forty-three cartridges ware found in his pocket, and a memorandarn book showing where money had been divided. In his satchel were found old muddy shoe, a slouch hat, and wearing apparel that looked like disguises. He said that he was an ex-detective in Missouri, and afterward denied it. He unked to be taken to a closet, and while there tried to hide another revolver and some money, but was caught in the act.

The man is rather stout and weighs at least 160 poundst is six feet tall, with smooth face, and was diressed neatly. It was discovered by the officials that he had arrived in this city at about 11 o'clork yesterday morning and had spent several hundred dollars in a gambling house. He was even yesterday coming out of clothing store by Policeman Goss, who, on questioning him, asked him about this occurrence. The man said that he had purchased two suits of clothes and had peid for them, and intended coming back to this tity to get them.

Policeman Beck, who made the arrest, says the man attempted to draw a revolver. After he was committed to jail he became suilen and refused to talk. He has since engaged counsel, but it is not known definitely whether he is the train robber.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17. The Adams Express

Washington, Oct. 17.—The Adams Express Company officials are reticent in regard to the arrest of the suspect at Cumberland, Md. Mr. J. Q. A. Herring of Philadelphia, general manager of the company, who is in Washington to manage the pursuit, said to-night:

"We have got our man."

Beyond that he would say nothing. He refused to give the captured man sname, because, he said, it would defeat the company's purposes. The robbers would read the papers and be advised of what was going on. Mr. Herring added that he was satisfied that the man arrested at Cumberland was one of the train robbers. Mr. George W. Moss, local representative of the company, said that he did not know whether the man arrested at Gumberland was the man wanted or not. He had received no information, he said, and Mr. Herring had not told him what he thought about it. what he thought about it.

Detective Quinlan of the local force left for Cumberland at 80 clock to-night over the Baltimore and Ohio road to interview the suspect.

A specialfrom Cumberland, Mo., to the Post

more and Ohio road to interview the suspect.

A special from Cumberland, Mo., to the Post asys:

"Detectives J. H. Alexander, J. H. Hinde, and W. W. Faulkner, accompanied by Assistant Superintendent George C. Heidt, of the Adams Express Company, and Express Messenger Crutch-field, of the Quantico robbery, arrived in this city to-day and went to the Second National Hank, where is the money taken from C. H. Scarcey, the man implicated in the train robbery, and examined it. Mr. Heldt found that the greenbacks were perforated the same as the money that was handled by the express company. The money was placed in an envelope used by the company, and it was found that the two pin holes fitted exactly those in the envelope. A pair of gold glasses which were in the possession of the robber have been identified as those which were taken from the car. The trousers found in Searcey's grip have been identified by the express agent as those worn by the robber while in the car at Quantico.

"Messrs, Benjamin A. Richmond and J. E. Meßeth have been retained by Searcey as counsel, and an effort will be made to have the man released on a writ of habeas corpus to morrow afternoon. States Attorney Sloan has received a telegram from Gov. Brown asking him to appear at the trial and have Searcey hald a rea-

afternoon. States Attorney Sloan has received a telegram from Grov. Brown asking him to appear at the trial and have Searcey held a reasonable time, so as to allow the requisition papers which have been issued by Gov. O'Ferrall time to reach him and be endorsed by him.

"Express Agent Crutchfield will be taken before Searcey to-morrow morning for identification. Mr. Heldt of the Adams Express Company has served a notice on Justice Thompson not to turn over the money taken from the prisoner. The detectives and Mr. Heldt say that there is no dount but that Searcey is the right man."

right man."

President E. C. Weir of the Adams Express Company yesterday confirmed the reports from Washington and Cumberland, Md., that a man had been arrested who was thought to be concerned in the recent train robbery on the Richmond, Fredericksburg, and Potomac Ballroad. Mr. Weir's telegram from Washington gave only meagre details of the arrest.

Mr. Weir added that the thieves got less than \$20,000 in cash. It has been learned that several packages, which were supposed to contain negotiable securities and cash in reality contained drafts, with bills of lading attached, which can be stopped, and after a little delay duplicated. The express company has thirty detectives working on the case.

ILLEGAL REGISTRATION.

Twenty-two More Indictments-Activity of

the Democratic State Committee. The Grand Jury heard more testimony yesterlay as to cases of illegal registration and found twenty-two more indictments. It was said that the indictments were against Republican re-peaters and that the evidence had been obtained at the instance of the Democratic State Committee, who are preparing many more cases for submission to the Grand Jury. It was also said that wholesale Republican colonization had

submission to the Grand Jury. It was also said that wholesale Republican colonization had been discovered in the Tenth Assembly district, especially in Avenue A. where there was a colony of repeaters who had been brought from Philadelphia.

Most of the bench warrants under the new indictiments were given for service to Police Captain Berghold of Elizabeth street, and the others to Capta. Price and Brooks. When Police Captain Brooks arrived at the General Sessions to testify before the Grand Jury he had under arrest John W. Cody, who was indicted by the Grand Jury on Thesday for Illegal registration. Cody was arrested by Capt. Brooks on a bench warrant in the lodging house known as the Melrosa, at 168 East 139th street. He had registered in the Twentleth election district of the Twenty-seventh Assembly district as William Flood, it was said, though he had not lived in the lodging house since August except a few days in the early part of this month.

The new indictments found by the Grand Jury, it is understood, referred largely to cases of illegal registration in the Thirty-Bith, Thirty-sixth, Forty-second, and Fourth election districts of the Thirteenth Assembly district, and the Sixth Election districts of the Thirteenth Assembly district, and the Sixth Election districts of the Fifteenth Assembly district. The Grand Jury will consider more cases of illegal registration submitted by the Democratic State Committee to-day.

Gez, Harrison's Trip Disarranged. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 17. The schedule for Gen. Harrison's trip to Fort Wayne, ar ranged for Thursday and Friday of this week. has been disarranged by the death at Minneapolis of Mrs. Bettie Harrison, widow of Col. A. L. Harrison, elidest brother of the ex-President. The remains will be brought to this city for interment and the funeral has been fixed for Thursday. The Northerh trip has therefore been nostponed one day.

Employers' and Bullders' Longue The Employers' and Builders' League met ast night behind closed doors at the Central Opera House and discussed the question of af-filiating with other building associations to form a stronger league.

A committee which was sent to confer with
the Plumbers' Association returned with a
favorable report. Sixteen new members joined
the league last night.

Nick Collins Knucked Out. Nick Collina was knocked out in three rounds by Jack Downey of Brooklyn at a resort about fifty miles from this city last night. The purse was \$500, all of which went to the winIN BRACING OCTOBER.

STRENGTH SHOULD RETURN AND LANGUOR SHOULD GO.

No Season Is So Good for Building Up the Brain and Body-Paine's Celery Compound's Work of Mercy in Countless

The prostrating heat of summer has long since

There is now but one excuse for languor and lack of energy - ill health With the return of bracing, vigorous weather

the thoroughly well men and women find the prospect of work attractive. Husiness looks mising. The indolent, unambitious feeling of a few months ago gives place to energy and hard work.

That is, provided one is well.

To the sick man or woman the prospect is doleful. The thousands of persons who worked doleful. The thousands of persons who worked right through the hot summer, and the many whose vacation, instead of recruiting their strength, has only made increased demands on their lived nerves and brain—these unhappy ones should take advantage of the bracking days and nights to store their bodies with pure, vig-



MES. WILLIAM M'COLLOM.

orous blood and their nervous system with energy before the cold weather overtakes them in their weak. "rund down" condition.

Paine's celery compound should be taken during the month of october. It will build up the entire system wonderfully. Increased appetita and steady gain in weight during the month will show unmistakably the stimulating effect of this remarkable nerve food. To those who know anything of the working and the purpose of the nervous system it is evident that the prompt feeding of the nerves with Paine's celery compound must be followed by a decided gain in health and vigor of the entire ay stem. There is no organ of the body that is not controlled by the nerves.

It is the putting off of attention to the signs of heart weakness that fills the statistics with overwhelming numbers of deaths from "heart failure." Those who at once build uptheir strength and nourish the feeble nerve centres with Paine's celery compound, check weakness of that important organ as readily as weakness of any other part of the body. This greatest modern invigorator, Giecastett by the man whom Dartmouth College is most proud to honor, Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., Li, D., was welcomed as a more than tytrandinary step in advance of anything before at the command of physicians for ever g retermatism, neuralgis, debility. Countiess worken, weak, thin, mere bundless of nerves, and discouraged by their inability to gain strength, Jave Been started on the sure road to recovery by Paine's celery compound.

Physicians prescribe it the world over.

Get strong and well with Paine's celery compound.

Physicians prescribe it the world over five strong and well with Paine's catery compound.

Here is the experience of Mrs. With'am Mo-Collom of Trenton, Mo., who says:

"I have had neuralgia for eight\_or ten years. I began to think that eventually it would cause my death. I would have three or four at vful attacks in a month, and all the pain would settle in the base of my brain, and extend down my back, lasting several hours.

"We tried everything that we could the nk of, but nothing did me any lasting good until my mother came on a visit and told me to try Paine's eslery compound, as she was using it for nervous trouble with wonderful sm cess. We both think your compound asved us from going crazy. I only used two bottles of it, but I have not had a return of my old enemy since.

"One thing is certain, and that is the doc tors could not do anything for me. Some told me it was female trouble, some said one thing, some a wid smother, but thanks to your wonderful compound, I am free once more. I have often thought that I would write and tell you what a relief it is to be free from pain, but I neglected it from time to time. You may believe that I shall always speak a kind word for Paine's celery compound."—Adv.

WOMEN HIS VICTIMS.

The Hoboken Police Looking for a Man The Hoboken police are looking for a tall man of about 40 years, who calls himself Mr. Miller and seems to make a specialty of victimizing

of about 40 years, who calls himself Mr. Miller and seems to make a specialty of victimizing women. His latest victim is Miss Gertrude Stein, a young tierman girl, living with her married sister at 161 Eighth street, Hoboken. Miss Stein serived from Germany in August last. Last week she advertised in a daily paper for a piace as housekeeper.

Miller answered the advertisement, and told Miss Stein that he was a widower with several young children. He said he owned a number of shoe stores, one in this city, one in Brooklyn, one in Jersey City, and one in Connecticut, and offered her \$10 a week to take care of the children, and also to assist him in the store in this city. Miss Stein finally accepted his offer, and last Monday night she started with him for his alleged house in this city. She took with her a vallee filled with wearing apparel. Upon reaching the ferry she found that she had forgotten her purse. Miller said he would wait for her at the ferry while she went back and got it. She left her vallse with him.

When she got to her house her sister, who was somewhat suspicious of Miller, accompanied her back to the ferry, but Miller had gone and the value also. The police have been unable to find any trace of him at any of the addresses he gave the girl.

They are of the opinion that he is the same fellow who robbed a Hackensack widow of \$1,200 several weeks ago, after responding to a matrimonial advertisement. He took the widow to the Continental Hotel, in Hoboken, and, after gesting her to turn all her money over to him, disappeared.

Remarkably clear weather prevailed yesterday in all parts of the country, but four places reporting cloudy weather, and one place, on the lower Call fornia ccast, rain. There were no storms developing, except a depression coming in from the North Pacific

Warmer weather prevailed in all the Atlantic States, where the temperature was from 10° to 15° higher. It was colder from 10° to 15° in Montana, the Dakotaa. and Minnesota, freezing weather prevailing in those

The clear weather is likely to continue in this neighborhood to-day, with bur slight change in tempera

Clear, warmer weather prevailed in this city; highest official temperature 71', lowest 52', average humbilty 53 per cent.; wind southwest, average velocity 18 niles an hour; barometer corrected to read to see

The thermometer at Perry's pharmacy, Sex build-ing recorded the temperature yesterday as follows: 3 A. M. 41° 54 3.36 P.31 60° 40° 6 A. N. 40° 54 6.P. M. 50° 64° 9 A. M. 44° 56° 9 P. M. 55° 56° 12 M. 51° 66° 12 Mbl. 51° 52°

10016 Average on the 15 Imis WASHINGTON PORCEST FOR THE REPART.
For New England, costern New York, costern Pennsylvania, New Jeesey, and Deliveure, generally fair; cooler; the District of Columbia Maryland, and Vir

ginia. fair, slightly cooler; northerty winds.

For mesters New York and nestern Penusylvania. fair: westerly winds, becoming variable; slightly

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE

Wanted: Some of our new and beautiful Furniture. We'll supply them for less money than ever before. Suppose, for example, you bring us that Sideboard want you've had so long. Here are the finest Strieboards oak or mahogany, carved or inlaid beautiful shapes closets and drawers, at-much less than you

thought they'd cost. Here are plainer ones, well made and within the reach of anybody who owns a pockethook -almost "HEY OF THE MAKER."

CEO. C. FLINT CO., 48, 45, AND 47 WEST 86D ST.,

NEAR BROADWAY.